

Guide to Analysing Spousal Violence withing a Region  
Appendix 6

**Table 10. How the study area compares to Québec as a whole with regard to the factors associated with spousal violence**

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Factors** | **Favourable trend** | **Québec average** | **Unfavourable trend** |
| Unemployment |  |  |  |
| Income |  |  |  |
| Level of education |  |  |  |
| Social support |  |  |  |
| Heavy alcohol consumption |  |  |  |
| Physical health |  |  |  |
| Mental health |  |  |  |
| Child maltreatment |  |  |  |
| Delinquency |  |  |  |
| Crime and violence in communities |  |  |  |

**Favourable trend**: The value of the indicator for the study area is below that for Québec as a whole.

**Québec average**: The value of the indicator for the study area is comparable to the Québec average.

**Unfavourable trend**: The value of the indicator for the study area is above that for Québec as a whole.

***Note***: Certain statistical tests can be conducted to determine if the difference observed between the study area and Québec as a whole is statistically significant; that is, whether the difference is real or due to chance. It is preferable to contact a statistician for this purpose.